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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Amend claims 1, 20, and 21, as follows.

Listing of Claims:

| 1 | 1. (Currently amended) A work-management method comprising: |
|---|--|
| 2 | for a future point in time and each one of a plurality of resources, |
| 3 | determining a probability of availability of the one resource at asaid future point in |
| 4 | time of each of a plurality of resources; |
| 5 | combining the probabilities to obtain a number; and |
| 6 | using the number to schedule new tasks for the resources for the |
| 7 | future point in time. |
| 1 | 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein: |
| 2 | using comprises |
| 3 | scheduling for the future point in time no more than the number of the |
| 4 | new tasks to become available for servicing by the plurality of the resources. |
| 1 | 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein: |
| 2 | combining comprises |
| 3 | summing the probabilities to obtain the number. |
| 1 | 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein: |
| 2 | determining comprises |
| 3 | for each of the resources, determining an amount of time t that the |
| 4 | resource has been servicing a task by now; |
| 5 | for each of the resources, determining a probability $F(t+h)$ of the |
| 6 | resource servicing its task to completion within a total amount of time $t+h$, where |
| 7 | h is an amount of time; |
| 8 | for each of the resources, determining a probability $F(t)$ of the |
| 9 | resource completing servicing its task by now; and |

| 10 | for each of the resources, determining a probability P that the |
|----|---|
| 11 | resource will complete servicing its task at the future point in time the amount of |
| 12 | time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}$. |
| 1 | 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 in a call center wherein: |
| 2 | tasks comprise calls; and |
| 3 | scheduling comprises |
| 4 | in response to P, determining whether or not to initiate or cancel an |
| 5 | outbound call. |
| 1 | 6. (Previously presented) A work-management method |
| 2 | comprising: |
| 3 | determining an amount of time t that a resource has been servicing a |
| 4 | task by now; |
| 5 | determining a probability $F(t+h)$ of the resource servicing the task to |
| 6 | completion within a total amount of time $t+h$, where h is an amount of time; |
| 7 | determining a probability $F(t)$ of the resource completing servicing the |
| 8 | task by now; |
| 9 | determining a probability P that the resource will complete servicing |
| 10 | the task within the amount of time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}$; and |
| 11 | in response to P , scheduling another task for servicing. |
| 1 | 7. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling comprises |
| 3 | in response to P , determining whether or not to initiate said another |
| 4 | task. |
| 1 | 8. (Original) The method of claim 6 in a call center wherein: |
| 2 | tasks comprise calls; and |
| 3 | scheduling comprises |

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| 4 | in response to P , determining whether or not to initiate an outbound |
|---|---|
| 5 | call. |
| | |
| 1 | 9. (Original) The method of claim 6 further comprising: |
| 2 | performing the determining steps for a plurality of resources, and |
| 3 | determining a number of the resources that will likely have completed |
| 4 | servicing their respective tasks within the amount of time h from now as a sum of |
| 5 | the probabilities P determined for individual ones of the plurality of resources; |
| 6 | wherein |
| 7 | scheduling comprises |
| 8 | in response to determining the number of the resources, scheduling |
| 9 | new tasks for servicing. |
| | |
| 1 | 10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling tasks for servicing comprises scheduling no more than |
| 3 | the number of the tasks for servicing. |
| 1 | 11. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprises |
| 3 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics, and |
| 4 | from the obtained statistics determining the probability $F(t+h)$; and |
| 5 | determining a probability $F(t)$ comprises |
| 6 | from the obtained statistics determining the probability $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein: |
| 2 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| 3 | obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent by |
| 4 | resources on servicing tasks to completion. |
| 1 | 13. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprises |
| 3 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics, |

| | fall and the first and the state of the fall and forms |
|----|--|
| 4 | fitting the task-completion statistics into a lifetime closed-form |
| 5 | cumulative-probability distribution to determine parameters of the distribution, |
| 6 | and |
| 7 | evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters and the |
| 8 | total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 9 | determining a probability $F(t)$ comprises |
| 10 | evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters and the |
| 11 | amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein: |
| 2 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| 3 | obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent by |
| 4 | resources on servicing tasks to completion; |
| 5 | the cumulative-probability distribution F comprises a Weibull |
| 6 | distribution; and |
| 7 | the parameters comprise a dispersion parameter and a parameter of |
| 8 | central tendency. |
| 1 | 15. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | determining an amount of time t comprises |
| 3 | determining the amount of time t that the resource has been servicing |
| 4 | a task of one of a plurality of different types of tasks; and |
| 5 | determining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| 6 | determining the historical task-completion statistics for the one type |
| 7 | of tasks. |
| 1 | 16. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling another task comprises |
| 3 | in response to P initiating preparation of a task that may require |
| 4 | servicing by an agent at a later time. |
| 1 | 17. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability F(t+h) comprises |

| 3 | obtaining a historical histogram for task completion, and |
|---|--|
| 4 | evaluating a cumulative said probability with the obtained histogram |
| 5 | for the total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 6 | determining a probability $F(t)$ comprises |
| 7 | evaluating the cumulative probability with the obtained histogram for |
| 8 | the amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 18. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling comprises |
| 3 | in response to P, canceling preparation of a task that could require |
| 4 | servicing by a resource. |
| 1 | 19. (Previously canceled) |
| 1 | 20. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium containing |
| 2 | instructions which, when executed in a computer, cause the computer to perform |
| 3 | the steps of: |
| 4 | for a future point in time and each one of a plurality of resources, |
| 5 | determining a probability of availability of the one resource at asaid future point in |
| 6 | time-of-each of a plurality of resources; |
| 7 | combining the probabilities to obtain a number; and |
| 8 | using the number to schedule new tasks for the resources for the |
| 9 | future point in time. |
| 1 | 21. (Currently amended) A work-management apparatus |
| 2 | comprising: |
| 3 | means for determining, for a future point in time and each one of a |
| 4 | plurality of resources, a probability of availability of the one resource at asaid |
| 5 | future point in time of each of a plurality of resources; |
| 6 | means cooperative with the determining means for combining the |
| 7 | probabilities to obtain a number; and |

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means cooperative with the combining means for scheduling for the 8 future point in time no more than the number of new tasks for servicing by the 9 plurality of the resources. 10 22. (Previously presented) A work-management apparatus 1 2 comprising: means for determining an amount of time t that a resource has been 3 servicing a task by now; 4 means cooperative with the time-determining means for determining 5 6 a probability F(t+h) of the resource servicing the task to completion within a total amount of time t+h, where h is an amount of time; 7 means cooperative with the time-determining means for determining 8 a probability F(t) of the resource completing servicing the task by now; 9 means cooperative with both of the probability-determining means for 10 determining a probability P that the resource will complete servicing the task 11 within the amount of time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}$; and 12 means cooperative with the P-determining means and responsive to P for scheduling another task for servicing. 23. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein: 1 the means for combining comprise 2 means for summing the probabilities to obtain the number. 3 24. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein: 1 the means for determining comprise 2 means for determining, for each of the resources, an amount of time t 3

of the resource servicing its task to completion within a total amount of time t+h,

means for determining, for each of the resources, a probability F(t+h)

that the resource has been servicing a task by now;

where h is an amount of time;

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means for determining, for each of the resources, a probability F(t) of the resource completing servicing its task by now; and means for determining, for each of the resources, a probability P that the resource will complete servicing its task at the future point in time the amount of time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}.$

25. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 21 in a call 1 2 center wherein: tasks comprise calls; and 3 the means for scheduling comprise 4 means responsive to P, for determining whether or not to initiate or 5 cancel an outbound call. 6 26. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: 1 the means for scheduling comprise 2 means responsive to P, for determining whether or not to initiate said 3 another task. 4 27. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 in a call 1 2 center wherein: tasks comprise calls; and 3 the means for scheduling comprise 4 means responsive to P, for determining whether or not to initiate an 5 outbound call. 6 1 28. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: the means for determining an amount of time t comprise 2 3 means for determining the amount of time t for each of a plurality of 4 resources; the means for determining a probability F(t+h) comprise 5 means for determining the probability F(t+h) for each of the plurality 6 7 of resources; the means for determining a probability F(t) comprise 8

| 9 | means for determining the probability $F(t)$ for each of the plurality of |
|----|--|
| 10 | resources, and |
| 11 | means for determining a number of the plurality of resources that will |
| 12 | likely have completed servicing their respective tasks within the amount of time h |
| 13 | from now as a sum of the probabilities P determined for individual ones of the |
| 14 | plurality of resources; and |
| 15 | the means for scheduling comprise |
| 16 | means responsive to determining the number of the resources, for |
| 17 | scheduling new tasks for servicing. |
| 1 | 29. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for scheduling comprise |
| 3 | means for scheduling no more than the number of the tasks for |
| 4 | servicing. |
| 1 | 30. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprise |
| 3 | means for obtaining historical task-completion statistics, and |
| 4 | means for determining the probability $F(t+h)$ from the obtained |
| 5 | statistics; and |
| 6 | the means for determining a probability $F(t)$ comprise |
| 7 | means for determining the probability $F(t)$ from the obtained statistics |
| 1 | 31. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 30 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprise |
| 3 | means for obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent |
| 4 | by resources on servicing tasks to completion. |
| 1 | 32. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprise |
| 3 | means for obtaining historical task-completion statistics, |

| 4 | means for fitting the task-completion statistics into a lifetime closed- |
|--------|--|
| 5 | form cumulative-probability distribution to determine parameters of the |
| 6 | distribution, and |
| 7 | means for evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters |
| 8 | and the total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 9 | the means for determining a probability $F(t)$ comprise |
| 10 | means for evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters |
| 11 | and the amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| | |
| 1 | 33. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 32 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprise |
| 3 | means for obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent |
| 4 | by resources on servicing tasks to completion; |
| 5 | the cumulative-probability distribution F comprises a Weibull |
| 6 | distribution; and |
| 7 | the parameters comprise a dispersion parameter and a parameter of |
| 8 | central tendency. |
| | |
| 1 | 34. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for determining an amount of time t comprise |
| 3 | means for determining the amount of time t that the resource has |
| 4 | been servicing a task of one of a plurality of different types of tasks; and |
| 5 | the means for determining historical task-completion statistics |
| 6 | comprise |
| 7 | means for determining the historical task-completion statistics for the |
| 8 | one type of tasks. |
| | |
| 1 | 35. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for scheduling another task comprise |
| | |
| 3 | means responsive to P for initiating preparation of a task that may |
| 3 4 | means responsive to P for initiating preparation of a task that may require servicing by an agent at a later time. |

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36. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein:

| 2 | the means for determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprise |
|---|---|
| 3 | means for obtaining a historical histogram for task completion, and |
| 4 | means for evaluating a cumulative said probability with the obtained |
| 5 | histogram for the total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 6 | the means for determining a probability $F(t)$ comprise |
| 7 | means for evaluating the cumulative probability with the obtained |
| 8 | histogram for the amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 37. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein: |
| 2 | the means for scheduling comprise |
| 3 | means responsive to P, for canceling preparation of a task that could |
| 4 | require servicing by a resource. |
| 1 | 38. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 20 wherein: |
| 2 | using comprises |
| 3 | scheduling for the future point in time no more than the number of the |
| 4 | new tasks to become available for servicing by the plurality of the resources. |
| 1 | 39. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 20 wherein: |
| 2 | combining comprises |
| 3 | summing the probabilities to obtain the number. |
| 1 | 40. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 20 wherein: |
| 2 | determining comprises |
| 3 | for each of the resources, determining an amount of time t that the |
| 4 | resource has been servicing a task by now; |
| 5 | for each of the resources, determining a probability $F(t+h)$ of the |
| 6 | resource servicing its task to completion within a total amount of time $t+h$, where |
| 7 | h is an amount of time; |
| 8 | for each of the resources, determining a probability $F(t)$ of the |
| 9 | resource completing servicing its task by now; and |

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for each of the resources, determining a probability P that the 10 11 resource will complete servicing its task at the future point in time the amount of time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}$. 12 1 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20 for a call 2 center wherein: 3 tasks comprise calls; and scheduling comprises 4 in response to P, determining whether or not to initiate or cancel an 5 outbound call. 6 42. (Previously presented) A computer-readable medium 1 containing instructions which, when executed in a computer, cause the computer 2 to perform the steps of: 3 determining an amount of time t that a resource has been servicing a 4 5 task by now; determining a probability F(t+h) of the resource servicing the task to 6 completion within a total amount of time t+h, where h is an amount of time; 7 determining a probability F(t) of the resource completing servicing the 8 9 task by now; determining a probability P that the resource will complete servicing 10 the task within the amount of time h from now as $\frac{F(t+h)-F(t)}{1-F(t)}$; and 11 12 in response to P, scheduling another task for servicing. 1 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 42 wherein: 2 scheduling comprises in response to P, determining whether or not to initiate said another 3 4 task.

| 1 | 44. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 for a call |
|-----|---|
| 2 | center wherein: |
| 3 | tasks comprise calls; and |
| 4 | scheduling comprises |
| 5 | in response to P , determining whether or not to initiate an outbound |
| 6 | call. |
| | |
| 1 | 45. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 further |
| 2 | comprising instructions which, when executed in the computer, cause the |
| 3 | computer to perform the steps of: |
| 4 | performing the determining steps for a plurality of resources, and |
| 5 | determining a number of the resources that will likely have completed |
| 6 | servicing their respective tasks within the amount of time h from now as a sum of |
| 7 | the probabilities P determined for individual ones of the plurality of resources; |
| 8 | wherein |
| 9 | scheduling comprises |
| 10 | in response to determining the number of the resources, scheduling |
| 11 | new tasks for servicing. |
| · 1 | 46. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 45 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling tasks for servicing comprises scheduling no more than |
| 3 | the number of the tasks for servicing. |
| | |
| 1 | 47. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprises |
| 3 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics, and |
| 4 | from the obtained statistics determining the probability $F(t+h)$; and |
| 5 | determining a probability $F(t)$ comprises |
| 6 | from the obtained statistics determining the probability $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 48. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 47 wherein: |
| 2 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| | , • |

| 3 | obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent by |
|----|--|
| 4 | resources on servicing tasks to completion. |
| 1 | 49. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability $F(t+h)$ comprises |
| 3 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics, |
| 4 | fitting the task-completion statistics into a lifetime closed-form |
| 5 | cumulative-probability distribution to determine parameters of the distribution, |
| 6 | and |
| 7 | evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters and the |
| 8 | total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 9 | determining a probability $F(t)$ comprises |
| 10 | evaluating the distribution with the determined parameters and the |
| 11 | amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| | |
| 1 | 50. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 49 wherein: |
| 2 | obtaining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| 3 | obtaining a mean and a variance of time historically spent by |
| 4 | resources on servicing tasks to completion; |
| 5 | the cumulative-probability distribution F comprises a Weibull |
| 6 | distribution; and |
| 7 | the parameters comprise a dispersion parameter and a parameter of |
| 8 | central tendency. |
| | |
| 1 | 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 42 wherein: |
| 2 | determining an amount of time t comprises |
| 3 | determining the amount of time t that the resource has been servicing |
| 4 | a task of one of a plurality of different types of tasks; and |
| 5 | determining historical task-completion statistics comprises |
| 6 | determining the historical task-completion statistics for the one type |
| 7 | of tasks. |

| 1 | 52. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 wherein: |
|---|---|
| 2 | scheduling another task comprises |
| 3 | in response to P initiating preparation of a task that may require |
| 4 | servicing by an agent at a later time. |
| 1 | 53. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 wherein: |
| 2 | determining a probability F(t+h) comprises |
| 3 | obtaining a historical histogram for task completion, and |
| 4 | evaluating a cumulative said probability with the obtained histogram |
| 5 | for the total amount of time $t+h$ to obtain $F(t+h)$; and |
| 6 | determining a probability F(t) comprises |
| 7 | evaluating the cumulative probability with the obtained histogram for |
| 8 | the amount of time t to obtain $F(t)$. |
| 1 | 54. (Previously presented) The medium of claim 42 wherein: |
| 2 | scheduling comprises |
| 3 | in response to P, canceling preparation of a task that could require servicing by a |
| 4 | resource. |